



## **Identification**

#### **GHS Product Identifier**

Product Name: Statfreeze™ Freeze Spray 10 oz.

Catalog Product Code: SL202/134A

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Product Use: Used to quickly cool paraffin blocks and fresh tissue in frozen sections.

# Supplier's details

StatLab 2090 Commerce Drive McKinney, Texas USA 75069 www.statlab.com (800) 442-3573

#### **Emergency phone number**

CHEMTREC 24 Hour Emergency Response

USA & Canada 800-424-9300

## 2 Hazard(s) identification

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Gases under pressure - Liquefied Gas

#### **GHS** label elements

Warning



Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

DescriptionCAS Number%1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane811-97-2100

### 4 First-aid measures

### Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration.

Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration

pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical

strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical

service.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Rinse with water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. In case of frostbites:

Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply

neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Not applicable.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of

normal use.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Accelerated heart action. Disturbances of

heart rate. Coordination disorders. Feeling of weakness. Respiratory difficulties. Vomiting. Nausea. Disturbances of consciousness. Risk of lung edema. Respiratory

collapse.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Red skin. Blisters. Frostbites.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Not applicable.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Not applicable.

Chronic symptoms: No effects known.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No additional information available.

### 5 Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA FOR SURROUNDING FIRES: Adapt extinguishing media

to the environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible.

Explosion hazard: INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Heat may cause pressure rise in tanks/drums:

explosion risk.

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Reactivity: On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapors (hydrofluoric acid, carbon

monoxide - carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids.

#### **Special protective actions for fire-fighters**

Precautionary measures fire: Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation.

Firefighting instructions: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion

risk: cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistent risk of physical explosion. Dilute toxic gases with water spray.

Protection during firefighting: Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

Other information: NFPA Aerosol Level 1.

#### 6 Accidental release measures

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment: Insulating gloves. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed

air apparatus.

Emergency procedures: Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and

windows of adjacent premises. No naked flames. Carry out specific temperature controls. Wash contaminated clothes. Large spills/in confined spaces: consider

evacuation.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures: Ventilate area.

# **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off

the supply. Tip the container on one side to stop the leakage. Do not spray water

on unheated tank walls.

Methods for cleaning up: Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied.

### 7 Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautions for safe handling: Comply with the legal requirements. Handle and open the container with care.

Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Keep away from

nakedflames/heat.

Observe normal hygiene standards. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection. Measure the oxygen

concentration in the air.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from

naked flames/heat. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products: Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature: < 50 °C

Heat-ignition: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources. Prohibitions on mixed storage: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: (strong) acids.

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Storage area: Store in a cool area. Keep out of direct sunlight. Ventilation at floor level.

Above ground. Meet the legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: with pressure relief valve. clean. correctly labeled. meet

the legal requirements.

Packaging materials: SUITABLE MATERIAL: No data available. MATERIAL TO AVOID: No data available.

## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

## Appropriate engineering controls

Personal protective equipment: Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.



Materials for protective clothing: GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene. nitrile rubber. butyl rubber.

Hand protection: Insulated gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses.

Skin and body protection: Protective clothing.

Respiratory protection: High vapor/gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

Other information: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

### Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Gas
Appearance: Gas

Molecular mass: 102.03 g/mol
Color: Colorless
Odor: Ether-like odor
Odor threshold: No data available
pH: No data available

Relative evaporation rate

(butyl acetate=1): No data available

Melting point: -101 °C

Freezing point: No data available

Boiling point: -26 °C

Flash point: Not applicable

Critical temperature: 101 °C
Self ignition temperature: > 743 °C
Decomposition temperature: 368 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): No data available

Vapor pressure: 5720 hPa
Critical pressure: 40560 hPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C: 3.52 (20 °C)
Relative density: 1.2 (-27 °C)

Density: 1206 kg/m³ (-27 °C)

Solubility: Poorly soluble in water. Soluble in ethanol. Soluble in ether. Soluble in hexane.

Water: 0.15 g/100ml (25 °C)

Log Pow: 1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)

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Log Kow:

Viscosity, kinematic:

Viscosity, dynamic:

Explosive properties:

Oxidizing properties:

No data available

VOC content: 0 %

Gas group: Compressed gas

Other properties: Gas/vapor heavier than air at 20°C. Substance has neutral reaction. May generate

electrostatic charges.

# 10 Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (hydrofluoric acid, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide, carbonylfluoride). Reacts with (some) acids.

### **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

### **Incompatible materials**

Strong acids. Strong bases.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

### 11 Toxicological information

### Toxicological (health) effects

Acute toxicity: Not classified

134a (811-97-2)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 200 mg/l (Rat)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	> 359300 ppm/4h (Rat)

Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Specific target organ toxicity

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(single exposure): Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity

(Repeated exposure): Not classified based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Aspiration hazard: Not classified based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Potential Adverse human

health effects: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Accelerated heart action. Disturbances of

heart rate. Coordination disorders. Feeling of weakness. Respiratory difficulties.

Vomiting. Nausea. Disturbances of consciousness. Risk of lung oedema.

Respiratory collapse.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Red skin. Blisters. Frostbites.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Not applicable.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Not applicable.

Chronic symptoms: No effects known.

# 12 Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Ecology - general: No environmental hazard.

Ecology - air: TA-LuftKlasse 5.2.5.

Ecology - water: Mild water pollutant (surface water). Maximum concentration in drinking water:

1.5 mg/l (fluoride) (Directive 98/83/EC). Slightly harmful to fishes (LC50(96h) 100-1000 mg/l). Slightly harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia) (EC50 (48h):

100 - 1000 mg/l).

134a (811-97-2)		
LC50 fish 1	LC50 fish 1 450 mg/l 96 h; Salmogairdneri (Oncorhynchusmykiss)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	980 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)	

# Bioaccumulative potential

134a (811-97-2)		
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	5 - 58 (Estimated value)	
Log Pow	1.06 (OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	

## Mobility in soil

No additional information available

# Other adverse effects

Other information: Avoid release to the environment.

### 13 Disposal considerations

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#### Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations: Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous

waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/

recycling.

Additional information: LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 06. Hazardous waste according to

Directive 2008/98/EC.

Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.

# 14 Transport information

#### **UN Number**

In accordance with ADR /RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

US DOT (ground): UN3159, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2.2, Limited Quantity ICAO/IATA (air): UN3159, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2.2, Limited Quantity IMO/IMDG (water): UN3159, 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2, Limited Quantity

Special Provisions: DOT-SP 15146: In accordance with this special permit, the product container is

marked with DOT-SP 15146 instead of 2Q. This packaging is approved for

shipping as a Consumer Commodity.

DOT-SP 15146: In accordance with this special permit, the product container is marked with DOT-SP15146 instead of 2Q. This packaging is approved for shipping

as a Consumer Commodity.

**UN Proper Shipping Name** 

DOT Proper Shipping Name: 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Department of Transportation

(DOT) Classes Hazard: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT): 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102):

DOT-SP 15146: In accordance with this special permit, the product container is marked with DOT-SP15146 instead of 2Q. This packaging is approved for shipping

as a Consumer Commodity.

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Transportation Canada: TC-SU 12575

**DOT Packaging Exceptions** 

(49 CFR 173.xxx): 306

**DOT Packaging Non Bulk** 

(49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 304

DOT Packaging Bulk

(49 CFR 173.xxx): 314;315

**Transport hazard class(es)** 

Other information: No supplementary information available.

State during transport (ADR-RID): As liquefied gas, under pressure.

Overland transport

Class (ADR): 2 - Gases

Hazard identification number

(Kemler No.): 20 Classification code (ADR): 2A



Danger labels (ADR): 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas

Orange plates

Tunnel restriction code: C/E

Transport by sea

DOT Vessel Stowage Location: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and

on a passenger vessel.

EmS-No. (1): F-C EmS-No. (2) Air transport: S-V

**DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger** 

aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27): 75 kg

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo

aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75): 150kg

# 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

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Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard

#### **CANADA**

134a (811-97-2)	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas

### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Press. Gas

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

## 15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

### 16 Other information

#### Other information

Indication of changes: Revision - See : \*.

Other information: None

Full text of H-phrases: See section 16

Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated



NFPA health hazard: 2 - Can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury

NFPA fire hazard: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur

NFPA reactivity: 0 - Stable

**HMIS III Rating** 

Health: 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability: 0 Minimal Hazard Physical: 1 Slight Hazard

Personal Protection: B

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