

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations Revision Date: 05/29/2015 Date of issue: 04/29/2015

Version: 1.0

### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: Decal Stat

Product Code: 1212-1; 1212-5; 1212-32

**Intended Use of the Product** 

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Tissue decalcifiers to remove calcium salts from bone samples.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

StatLab Medical Products 2090 Commerce Drive McKinney, TX 75069 800-442-3573

www.statlab.com

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 (USA & Canada)

CHEMTREC 703-527-3887 (International) Non-transport 800-225-8867 (USA)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

#### Classification (GHS-US)

Metal Corrosion 1
Skin Corrosion 1B
H314
Eye Damage 1
H318
Carcinogenicity 1A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3
Aquatic Acute 3
H402

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)





Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H290 - May be corrosive to metals.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life.

**Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P234 - Keep only in original container. P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray. P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing; protective gloves.

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P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352+P362 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P403+P233+P405 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

P406 - Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards No additional information available

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

#### **Mixture**

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Hydrogen chloride	(CAS No) 7647-01-0	23	Metal Corrosion 1, H290
			Skin Corrosion 1A, H314
			Eye Damage 1, H318
			Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3, H335
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Acid mists, strong inorganic	(CAS No) RR-129844-8		Carcinogenicity 1A, H350

IARC concluded that there is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of mists from strong inorganic acids.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### **Description of First Aid Measures**

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

**General:** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause cancer.

**Inhalation:** Contact may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include: Cough, headache, sore throat, or unconsciousness.

Skin Contact: Corrosive. Causes burns. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

**Eye Contact:** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

**Ingestion:** May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer.

## **Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

#### **Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture**

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

**Explosion Hazard:** In contact with metals, emits flammable/explosive gas.

Reactivity: May be corrosive to metals.

#### **Advice for Firefighters**

**Precautionary Measures Fire:** Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**: Hydrogen chloride. Chlorine. Hydrogen.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures**

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist.

#### **For Non-Emergency Personnel**

**Protective Equipment:** Use recommended respiratory protection. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Stop leak if safe to do so. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### **For Emergency Personnel**

**Protective Equipment:** Use recommended respiratory protection. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. **Emergency Procedures:** Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. For further information refer to section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** May be corrosive to metals. In contact with steel or aluminum and other metals highly flammable hydrogen gas may be released.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

#### **Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities**

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store away from other materials. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Storage areas should be periodically checked for corrosion and integrity. Store locked up. Keep only in original container.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Metals.

#### Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

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#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control Parameters**

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)		
Mexico	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	50 ppm
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Manitoba	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm
Ontario	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Québec	PLAFOND (mg/m³)	7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Québec	PLAFOND (ppm)	5 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)	7 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	5 ppm

#### **Exposure Controls**

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

**Personal Protective Equipment:** Protective clothing. Gloves. Protective goggles. Face shield. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.











Materials for Protective Clothing: Corrosion-proof clothing. Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles and face shield. Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

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#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### **Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State : Liquid

Appearance: Clear, colorlessOdor: Not availableOdor Threshold: Not available

pH : <1

**Evaporation Rate** Not available **Melting Point** Not available **Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** Not available **Flash Point** Not available **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C 1.02 - 1.05

**Relative Density** : 1.02 - 1.05 (water = 1)

Specific gravity / density: Not availableSpecific Gravity: Not availableSolubility: Soluble in waterPartition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water: Not availableViscosity: Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity:** May be corrosive to metals.

<u>Chemical Stability</u>: The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions. <u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions</u>: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Incompatible materials.

<u>Incompatible Materials</u>: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Metals. **Hazardous Decomposition Products**: Hydrogen chloride. Chlorine. Hydrogen.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Information on Toxicological Effects - Product**

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

pH: < 1

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage

**pH**: < 1

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

**Teratogenicity:** Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** May cause cancer

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

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Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** Contact may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns. May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include: Cough, headache, sore throat, or unconsciousness

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Corrosive. Causes burns. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis

**Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, tearing, and blurred vision. Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Carcinogenicity

<u>car amagament</u>	
Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
IARC Group	3
Acid mists, strong inorganic (RR-129844-8)	
IARC Group	1
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

Ecology - General: Harmful to aquatic life.

Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.25 - 3.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 Daphnia 1	4.92 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

#### Persistence and Degradability Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential Not available

Mobility in Soil Not available

**Other Adverse Effects** 

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Sewage Disposal Recommendations:** This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways. **Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG

14.1. UN Number

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Hydrochloric Acid

**Department of Transportation (DOT)** : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

**Hazard Classes** 

Hazard Labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive

8

Packing Group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

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#### DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: A3 - For combination packaging, if glass inner packaging (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.

A6 - For combination packaging, if plastic inner packaging are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.
B3 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized.

B15 - Packaging must be protected with non-metallic linings impervious to the lading or have a suitable corrosion allowance.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

N41 - Metal construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.

T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... Prohibited

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 95 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees Celsius of the liquid during filling, and is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees Celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: a = (d15 - d50) / 35d50 Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at d50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP12 - This material is considered highly corrosive to steel.

**DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR** 

173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR : 202

173.xxx)

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

14.3. Additional Information

**Emergency Response Guide (ERG)** : 157

Number

**Transport by Sea** 

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** : C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

**Air Transport** 

**DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger** 

Aircraft/Rail (49 CFR 173.27)

**DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo Aircraft** 

Only (49 CFR 175.75)

: 1 L

: 154

: 30 L

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **US Federal Regulations**

Decal Stat	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 (gas only)

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SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other
	airborne forms of any particle size)

#### **US State Regulations**

#### Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Sufficient Quantities
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Toxic Endpoints
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Essential Chemicals List
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminants
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Hazardous Air Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Michigan Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey TCPA Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour
- U.S. Ohio Accidental Release Prevention Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Ohio Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits Ceilings
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

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- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Maximum Allowable Concentrations
- U.S. South Carolina Toxic Air Pollutants Pollutant Categories
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits Ceilings
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet
- U.S. Wyoming Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals

#### **Canadian Regulations**

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Hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
	Class E - Corrosive Material
Acid mists, strong inorganic (RR-129844-8)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision Date** : 05/29/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases:**

Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer

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H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
NFPA Health Hazard	: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA Fire Hazard	: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.
NFPA Reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

**HMIS III Rating** 

**Health** : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

given

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard
Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

StatLab Medical Products Phone Number: 800-442-3573

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2

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