



Safety Data Sheet

Modified Davidson

1. Identification

Product Name: Modified Davidson

Item #: 0235SNBL01

Web SDS:

Synonyms: N/A

Recommended Use: Laboratory Reagent

Restrictions on Use: Any use other than recommended

Manufacturer:

BBC Biochemical
409 Eleanor Lane,
Mount Vernon, WA 98273
1-800-635-4477

In Case of Emergency:

Chemtec US 1-800-424-9300
Chemtec International 703-527-3887

2. Hazards Identification

OSHA Hazard Classification(s):

Acute Toxicity - Oral - Category 4
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Category 3
Skin Corrosion - Category 1A
Eye Damage - Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure) - Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2
Sensitization - Skin - Category 1A
Sensitization - Respiratory - Category 1A
Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B
Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s): Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes damage to organs (lungs,nose,respiratory system). May cause damage to organs(lungs,nose,respiratory system, central nervous system, liver, blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Flammable liquid and vapor.

Pictogram(s):



Precautionary Statement(s): Prevention: Wash body thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid breathing dust, vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. Wear eye protection, face protection. Do not breathe dust, vapors. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves. Wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Response: If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor. Specific treatment (see first aid section on this label). If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediately call a doctor. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing If exposed or concerned: Call a doctor. Call a doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Descriptions of Hazards not otherwise classified: N/A

Percent of mixture with unknown acute toxicity: N/A

3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	Common Name	CAS #	Concentration %
Ethyl Alcohol		64-17-5	Trade Secret



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Formaldehyde		50-00-0	Trade Secret
Glacial Acetic Acid		64-19-7	Trade Secret
Water		7732-18-5	Trade Secret

4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air; give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Get medical attention.

Symptoms: Irritation eyes, nose, throat; headache, dizziness. Sensitization or allergic reactions by inhalation or skin contact. Chronic hazards include cancer, target organ toxicity, genetic mutations.

Recommendations for immediate medical care/special treatment: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

5. Fire- Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and disperse vapors.

Fire Hazards (Chemical): OSHA classified Flammable Liquid

Special Protective Equipment: Fire fighters should use self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Precautions for Firefighters: Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion. Vapors can travel distances to ignition source and flash back. Cool fire exposed containers with water. Fine mist or spray may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point. When heated above the flash point this material emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate the area of all unnecessary personnel. Wear suitable protective equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition and provide ventilation.

Protective Equipment: See section 8

Environmental Precautions: Prevent release to the environment by using barriers.

Containment and Clean-Up Procedures: Use barriers to prevent spreading. Collect spill in container. Call waste authorities.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Do not breathe vapors. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs):

Reagent	CAS #	OSHA PEL TWA
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	1000 ppm
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.75 ppm
Glacial Acetic Acid	64-19-7	10 ppm, 25 mg/m ³

ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLVs):

Reagent	CAS #	ACGIH PEL TLV	ACGIH STEL
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5		1000 ppm



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Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.3 ppm ceiling	2 ppm
Glacial Acetic Acid	64-19-7	10 ppm, 25 mg/m3	15 ppm, 37 mg/m3

Engineering Controls: Use in a well ventilated area to prevent exposure. Maintain eyewash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work areas.

Personal Protective Measures: Wear gloves, lab coat, eye protection and impervious footwear. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this material.

Special PPE Requirements: If ventilation hood not available wear respirator.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties Section

Appearance: Colorless, Colorless, Liquid

Molecular Weight: N/A

Molecular Formula: N/A

pH: N/A

Boiling Point and Boiling Range: N/A

Melting Point/Freezing Point: N/A

Flash Point: N/A

Specific Gravity/Relative Density: N/A

Odor: Pungent, Alcoholic

Odor Threshold: N/A

Color: Colorless

Flammability (solid/gas): N/A

Vapor Density: N/A

Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits: N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Evaporation Rate: N/A

Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

Auto-ignition temperature: N/A

Solubility: N/A

Decomposition Temperature: N/A

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not Reactive

Chemical Stability:

Conditions of Stability/Instability: Stable under normal conditions of temperature and pressure

Stabilizers needed: None

Safety issue indicated by appearance change: N/A

Other: N/A

Hazardous Reactions: N/A

Hazardous Polymerization: Does not occur

Conditions to avoid: N/A

Classes of Incompatible Materials: Oxidizers, Strong Acids, Strong Bases

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal-oxidation degradation can produce oxides of carbon. Toxic gases and vapors (I.e. Carbon monoxide) may be released in a fire.

11. Toxicological Information

Likely Routes of Exposure

Eyes: Formaldehyde solution splashed in the eye can cause injuries ranging from transient discomfort to severe, permanent corneal



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clouding and loss of vision. The severity of the effect depends on the concentration of formaldehyde in the solution and whether or not the eyes are flushed with water immediately after the accident.

Skin: Formaldehyde is a severe skin irritant and sensitizer. Contact with formalin causes white discoloration, smarting, drying, cracking and scaling. Prolonged and repeated contact can cause numbness and hardening or tanning of the skin. Previously exposed persons may react to future exposure with an allergic eczema dermatitis or hives.

Inhalation: Formaldehyde is highly irritating to the upper respiratory tract and eyes. Concentrations of 0.5 to 2.0ppm may irritate the eyes, nose and throat of some individuals. Concentrations of 3 to 5ppm also cause tearing of the eyes and are intolerable to some persons. concentration of 100ppm is immediately dangerous to life and health. Deaths from accidental exposure to high concentrations of formaldehyde have been reported.

Ingestion: Liquids containing 10 to 40 percent formaldehyde cause severe irritation and inflammation of the mouth, throat, and stomach. Severe stomach pains will follow ingestion with possible loss of consciousness and death. Ingestion of dilute formaldehyde solutions (0.03-0.04 percent) may cause discomfort in the stomach and pharynx.

Signs or Symptoms of Exposure: Irritation to eyes, nose, throat; headache; dizziness. See above for more information. Nausea. Note: The percent of formaldehyde by odor and eye irritation becomes less sensitive with time as one adapts to a formaldehyde. This can lead to overexposure if a worker is relying on formaldehyde's warning properties to alert him or her to the potential for exposure.

Effects from short term exposure (delayed, immediate, chronic): Irritation to the eyes, nose, throat; headache, dizziness, nausea. May cause cancer, mutagenic and reproductive effects. may effect organs after single or repeat exposure.

Acute Toxicity (Numerical Measures): Ethyl Alcohol: LD50(oral,mouse)=3450 mg/kg; LC50(inhalation,mouse)=39000 mg/m³/4H Formaldehyde: D50 385mg/kg (oral, mouse); LD50 100mg/kg (oral, rat); LC50 200 mg/m³ (inh, rat); LC50 454 mg/m³/4H (inh, mouse), LD50 270 uL/kg (skin, rabbit); LD50 270 mg/kg (skin, rabbit) Glacial Acetic Acid: LD50 (mammal, skin)=1060mg/kg; LD50 (rabbit, skin)=1060 mg/kg; LC50(inhalation, mouse)=5620 ppm/1H; LC50(inhalation, mouse)=5620 mg/m³/1H

Carcinogenicity (NTP, IARC, OSHA): Contains Formaldehyde IARC Group 1, Known to cause cancer in humans. Cancer Site: Brain, Blood, Pancreas, Prostate, Lungs, Nose.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Acute Aquatic Effects Data for 100% Glacial Acetic Acid 96 h LC-50 (fathead minnow): > 100mg/L 48 h LC-50 (golden orfe): 410 mg/L 48 h LC-50 (mosquito fish): 251 mg/L 96 h LC-50 (daphnid): > 100 mg/L

Persistence and degradability: Formaldehyde is highly toxic to algae, protozoa and other unicellular organisms and slightly toxic to fish. In the atmosphere the material is rapidly degraded by photolysis and photooxidation.

Bioaccumulation Potential (octanol-water partition coefficient, BCF): Oxygen Demand Data for 100% Glacial Acetic Acid BOD-5: 340-880 mg/g BOD-20: 900 mg/g COD: 1,030 mg/g

Mobility in the soil: Formaldehyde is mobile in the soil. In water or soil formaldehyde is biodegraded in a few days. Experiments performed on a variety of fish and shrimp show no bioconcentration of formaldehyde.

Adverse Environmental Effects: This material may cause adverse environmental effects.

13. Disposal Considerations

Recommended Disposal Containers: Check with your local waste authorities*

Recommended Disposal Methods: Do not dispose of in drains, check with your local waste authorities.*

Physical/Chemical Properties affecting Disposal: See section 2 and section 9 applicable information.*

Special Precautions for Landfill and Incineration Activities: Check with your local waste authorities.*

Waste Stream: Consult your local or regional authorities.*

14. Transport Information

UN Number: UN1170

UN Proper Shipping Name: Ethanol Solutions

Transport Hazard Class(es): 3

Packing Group Number: III

Environmental Hazards (IMDG code):

Marine Pollutant: No

Transport in Bulk (IBC Code):



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Special Transport Precautions:

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA: N/A

DOT: N/A

EPA: N/A

CPSC: N/A



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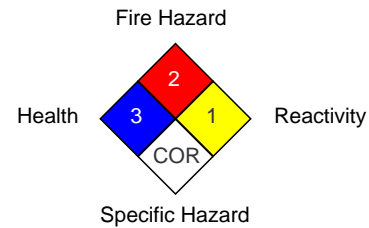
16. Other Information

Revision Date: 09/08/2017

NFPA

Health	3
Fire Hazard	2
Reactivity	1
Specific Hazard	COR

National Fire Protection Association (USA) NFPA



HMIS

Health	3
Flammability	2
Physical Hazard	1
Personal Protection	

Hazardous Material Information System HMIS

Health	3
Flammability	2
Physical Hazard	1
Personal Protection	

Notice to Reader:

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