

## Instructions For Use IFU-068 SSK-RETIC

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### Reticulum Stain Kit

**Description:** The Reticulum Stain Kit is intended for use in histological demonstration of reticular

fibers. The main function of reticular fibers is to provide support. They are normally found throughout the body, particularly in liver, lymph node, spleen and kidney. Ammoniacal silver stains are the most commonly used methods for demonstration of

reticular fibers.

**Uses/Limitations:** For In-Vitro Diagnostic use

only. Histological

applications. Do <u>not</u> use past expiration date.

Use caution when handling

these reagents.

**Results:** Reticulum: Black

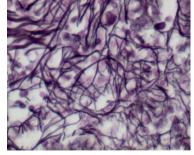
Nuclei: Red

Control Tissue: Liver

Kidney

Lymph Node

Spleen



#### **Kit Contents:**

<u>ltem #</u>	Kit Contents	<u>Volume</u>	S <u>torage</u>
SSC-PPE125	Potassium Permanganate Solution (1%)	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-PMS125	Potassium Metabisulfite Solution (3%)	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-FAT125	Ferric Ammonium Sulfate Solution (3%)	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-FRL125	Formalin Solution (20%)	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-GCS125	Gold Chloride Solution (0.1%)	125 ml	2-8° C.
SSC-STB125	Sodium Thiosulfate Solution (5%)	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-NFS125	Nuclear Fast Red Solution	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-SHC125	Sodium Hydroxide Solution (3%)	125 ml	18-25° C.
SSC-SNX010	Silver Nitrate Solution (10%)	10 ml x 5 vials	2-8° C.

#### Required but not included:

05870-16 Ammonium Hydroxide Solution, Concentrated

Mixed Storage Conditions. Separate Contents.

For information regarding ordering individual components, please contact us at: 800-442-3573. Control Slides Available. Catalog: CS-RETIC/25, Reticulum, 25/pack

**Precautions:** Keep away from open flame.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Harmful if swallowed.

Follow all Federal, State, and local regulations regarding disposal.

Use in chemical fume hood whenever possible.

Wear protective clothing.

2090 Commerce Drive | McKinney, Texas 75069



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#### Preparation of Reagents Prior to Beginning:

1. Prepare working Ammoniacal Silver Solution using chemically cleaned glassware in a chemical fume hood as follows:

To 17ml of Distilled Water add one (10ml) vial of Silver Nitrate Solution (10%) and mix completely. Add 1ml of Concentrated Ammonium Hydroxide (Not Included in Kit) while continuously mixing. The mixture will initially turn brown and then become clear. Add 10ml of Sodium Hydroxide Solution (3%) and mix completely. If the solution does not remain colorless, add Concentrated Ammonium Hydroxide drop by drop until no precipitate remains. Add Distilled Water to a total volume of 60ml and mix completely. Solution is now ready for use.

Note: Use extreme care in preparation and use of Ammoniacal Silver Solution. Store Ammoniacal Silver Solution in a refrigerator to avoid the formation of explosive compounds. If Ammoniacal Silver Solution is exposed to sunlight, it may explode. Dispose of waste observing all local, state and federal laws.

#### Procedure (Standard):

- 1. Deparaffinize sections if necessary and hydrate to distilled water.
- 2. Place slide in Potassium Permanganate Solution (1%) for 5-10 minutes.
- 3. Rinse in 3 changes of distilled water.
- 4. Differentiate in Potassium Metabisulfite Solution (3%) until section is transparent.
- 5. Rinse in 3 changes of distilled water.
- 6. Apply Ferric Ammonium Sulfate Solution (3%) for 10 minutes.
- 7. Rinse in 2 quick changes of distilled water.
- 8. Apply working Ammoniacal Silver Solution for 2-3 minutes.
- 9. Rinse in 3 changes of distilled water.
- 10. Place slide in Formalin Solution (20%) for 1 minute.
- 11. Rinse in 3 changes of distilled water.
- 12. Apply Gold Chloride Solution (0.1%) for 3-5 minutes.
- 13. Rinse in 2 changes of distilled water.
- 14. Apply Sodium Thiosulfate Solution (5%) for 1-2 minutes to remove unreduced silver.
- 15. Rinse in tap water for 2 minutes.
- 16. Counterstain using Nuclear Fast Red Solution for 2-5 minutes.
- 17. Rinse in tap water followed by distilled water.
- 18. Dehydrate through 3 changes of Absolute Alcohol.
- 19. Clear, and mount in synthetic resin.

#### References:

1. Gomori, G., A Modification of the Silver Impregnation Method of Staining Reticular Fibers. American Journal of Clinical Pathology, Volume 21, Pages 897-899, 1951.



Kit Lot Number:

Approved By:

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**Kit Component** 

Lot#

### Lot-to-Lot Validation Form Reticulum Stain Kit (Brenn) Catalog: SSK-RETIC

Kit Expiration Date: Date Tested: Control Tissue (#) Approved for Use: Y/N Date put into use: If not approved, corrective actions taken: Approved by:	1			Potassium Permanganate, 1%  Potassium Metabisulfite, 3% Light Green Solution  Ferric Ammonium Sulfate, 3%  Silver Nitrate (10%) Sol Sodium Hydroxide (3%) Formalin Solution (20%) Gold Chloride (0.1%)  Sodium Thiosulfate (5%)	
Replacement	Replacement	Lot #	Accepted	Comments	
Component if used	Date		Y/N		
Potassium					
Permanganate, 1%					
Potassium Metabisulfite.					
3%					
Light Green Solution					_
Ferric Ammonium Sulfate, 3%					
Silver Nitrate (10%) Sol					
Sodium Hydroxide (3%)					
Formalin Solution (20%)					
Gold Chloride (0.1%)					
Sodium Thiosulfate (5%)					

StatLab is providing this form to assist with reagent lot validation as stated in CLIA'88 Standard 493.1256-For reagent(s), the laboratory must do the following: Check each batch (prepared in-house), lot number (commercially prepared) and shipment of reagents, stains, and identification systems (systems using two or more substrates or two or more reagents, or a combination) when prepared or opened for positive and negative reactivity, if applicable.