

## Instructions For Use **IFU-040**SSK-AMYL

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**Control Tissue:** Freshly cut sections

deposits.

containing amyloid.

show smaller amyloid

Cut sections 6-12 microns to

### Amyloid Stain Kit (Congo Red)

**Description:** The Amyloid Stain Kit (Congo Red) is intended for use in the histological visualization of

amyloid in tissue sections. Examination under a polarizing microscope results in green

birefringence of amyloid.

**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.

For In-Vitro Diagnostic use

only. Histological

applications.

Do <u>not</u> use past expiration date. Use caution when handling these reagents.

Non-Sterile.

Results: Amyloid: Red to Pink

Erythrocytes: Light Orange Eosinophil Granules: Orange to Red

Nuclei: Blue

**Kit Contents:** 

<u>ltem #</u>	Kit Contents	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Storage</u>	
SSC-CRA500	Congo Red Solution	500 ml	18-25°C	
SSC-HMM500	Hematoxylin	500 ml	18-25°C	
SSC-BRT500	Bluing Reagent	500 ml	18-25°C	

For information regarding ordering individual components, please contact us at: 800-442-3573. Control Slides Available. Catalog: CS-AMYL/25, Amyloid, 25/pack

**Precautions:** Congo Red Solution is flammable.

Keep away from open flame. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Harmful if swallowed.

Follow all Federal, State, and local regulations regarding disposal.

Use in chemical fume hood whenever possible.

#### Procedure (Standard):

1. Deparaffinize sections if necessary and hydrate to distilled water.

2090 Commerce Drive | McKinney, Texas 75069



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- 2. Stain slide with Hematoxylin for 5 minutes.
- 3. Rinse slide in tap water.
- 4. Incubate slide in Bluing Reagent for 30 seconds.
- 5. Rinse slide in distilled water.
- 6. Dip slide in 95% alcohol for 5 seconds.
- 7. Stain slide with Congo Red Solution for 20 minutes. **Note:** Monitor slide and add more stain as needed to prevent evaporation. Nonspecific staining may occur if reagent dries on slide.
- 8. Dip twice (quickly) in 100% alcohol.
- 9. Dip repeatedly (4-5 dips) in clearing agent, and mount in synthetic resin.

#### References:

- 1. Puchtler, H, et al: On the binding of Congo Red amyloid. J. Histochem. Cytochem. Vol. 10: pages 355-363, 1962.
- 2. Eastwood, H. & Cole, K.R., Staining of amyloid in buffered Congo Red in 50% ethanol. Stain Technology. Vol. 46: pages 208-209, 1971.
- 3. Carson, F.L., Histotechnology; A Self-Instructional Text, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition. ASCP Press, Chicago, IL. Pages 117-121, 1996.
- 4. Churukian, C., Improved Puchtler's Congo Red method. J. of Histotechnology. Vol. 23: pages 139-141, 2000.



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### Lot-to-Lot Validation Form Amyloid Stain Kit (Congo Red) Catalog: SSK-AMYL

KIT LOT NUMBER:				Kit Component	Lot #	
Kit Expiration Date:				Congo Red Solution		
Date Tested:				Hematoxylin, Mayer's Bluing Reagent		
Control Tissue (#)						
Approved for Use: Y/N				0 0		
Date put into use:						
If not approved,						
corrective actions	_					
taken:						
Approved by:						
Replacement	Replacement	Lot #	Accepted	Comments		
Component if used	Date		Y/N			
Congo Red Solution						
Hematoxylin, Mayer's						
Bluing Reagent						
Approved by:						

StatLab is providing this form to assist with reagent lot validation as stated in CLIA'88 Standard 493.1256-For reagent(s), the laboratory must do the following: Check each batch (prepared in-house), lot number (commercially prepared) and shipment of reagents, stains, and identification systems (systems using two or more substrates or two or more reagents, or a combination) when prepared or opened for positive and negative reactivity, if applicable.